

# Interim report

2024 Unaudited



### Interim report from the Board of Directors

#### **About the Company**

Møre Boligkreditt AS is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sparebanken Møre. The company is licensed to operate as a mortgage company, issuing covered bonds. Møre Boligkreditt AS is Sparebanken Møre's most important source of market funding and an important part of the parent bank's long term funding strategy. The accounts have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. Figures in brackets refer to the corresponding period last year.

#### Results for Q1 2024

The financial statements of Møre Boligkreditt AS show a pre-tax profit of NOK 53 million in the first quarter of 2024 (NOK 48 million). Net interest income amounted to NOK 70 million (NOK 67 million), and costs ended at NOK 15 million (NOK 14 million).

NOK 2 million in return on losses on loans were added to the quarterly accounts (NOK 0 million). Profit after tax amounted to NOK 41 million (NOK 38 million).

Net loans to and receivables from customers decreased with NOK 397 million in the first quarter of 2024. Net mortgage lending to customers amounted to NOK 31,960 million at first quarter end 2024 (NOK 32,240 million).

Existing bond loans were increased with a total of NOK 3,000 million in the first quarter of 2024. One bond loan with outstanding debt of NOK 2,351 million at the start of the quarter matured 20 March 2024. Møre Boligkreditt AS had 11 bond loans outstanding at 31 March 2024 with a total book value bond debt of NOK 29,375 million (NOK 27,772 million). Møre Boligkreditt AS reported Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) of 112 per cent as at 31 March 2024.

Total assets at first quarter end 2024 amounted to NOK 35,488 million (NOK 35,365 million). The ECL calculation as at 31 March 2024 shows expected credit losses of NOK 10 million for Møre Boligkreditt AS (NOK 10 million).

At first quarter end 2024, the mortgages in the cover pool had an average loan-to-value ratio of 53.9 per cent, calculated as mortgage amount relative to the value of the property used as collateral (53.6 per cent).

The company's substitute assets included in the cover pool amounted to NOK 1,427 million at end-March 2024 (NOK 891 million). Over-collateralisation, calculated as the nominal value of the cover pool relative to the nominal value of outstanding covered bond loan debt was 17.7 per cent as at 31 March 2024 (23.7 per cent).

Møre Boligkreditt AS' Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) eligible assets amount to NOK 158 million as of 31 March 2024, reporting total LCR of 482 per cent by first quarter end.

#### Rating

The rating agency Moody's has assigned Aaa-rating to all covered bond loans issued by Møre Boligkreditt AS.

Moody's has assigned long-term and short-term issuer ratings of A1/Prime-1, and long-term and short-term Counterparty Risk Ratings of A1/Prime-1 to Møre Boligkreditt AS, aligned with ratings of parent bank Sparebanken Møre.

### Capital strength

In the first quarter 2024, Møre Boligkreditt AS increased its equity with NOK 100 million through a directed issue of 20,000 shares. The capital increase was fully paid in by Sparebanken Møre, the owner of all shares

in Møre Boligkreditt AS. At the end of the first quarter, paid in equity and retained earnings amounted to NOK 1,674 million (NOK 1,603 million). Risk weighted assets amounted to NOK 7,785 million (NOK 8,129 million). Net equity and subordinated loan capital amounted to NOK 1,588 million at end-March 2024 (NOK 1,516 million). This corresponds to a Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 20.4 per cent (18.6 per cent). Leverage ratio at end-March 2024 is 4.6 per cent (4.3 per cent). Møre Boligkreditt AS uses internal rating based (IRB) models to calculate capital requirements for credit risk.

#### Outlook

From March 2023 to March 2024 the Norwegian Consumer Price Index (CPI) increased by 3.9 per cent, while the CPI adjusted for tax changes and excluding energy products (CPI-ATE) rose by 4.5 per cent. CPI levels are down from last quarter, and slightly below Norges Bank's projections, but still above the long-term inflation target of 2 per cent. The weak Norwegian krone still adds to pressure on inflation levels through imported goods and services.

Unemployment levels in Norway remain low. In March 2024, the national level of registered unemployment was 2.0 per cent, compared to 1.8 per cent in the county of Møre og Romsdal.

Norges Bank has kept the policy rate unchanged so far this year, and the rate path from the central bank indicates that the policy rate will stay at 4.5 per cent for the larger part of 2024.

National twelve-months growth in household loan debt is declining and reported at 3.2 per cent in February 2024. This is the lowest growth level since the mid 1990's. National housing prices increased by 0.6 per cent in March 2024, seasonally adjusted, and are up by 1.2 per cent the last twelve months.

The Board expects to see a further dampened growth in household debt going forward, due to both the effect of increased mortgage interest rate levels and the general increase in household costs. The 2024 frontline sector salary settlement agreement of 5.2 per cent increase is expected to increase household purchasing power. Unemployment levels, both on a national level and in the county of Møre og Romsdal, are expected to increase somewhat in the coming quarters, but still stay at low levels. The Board expects moderate growth in housing prices in 2024.

Ålesund, 31 March 2024 24 April 2024

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF MØRE BOLIGKREDITT AS

KJETIL HAUGE, Chair ELISABETH BLOMVIK KRISTIAN TAFJORD SANDRA MYHRE HELSETH

OLE ANDRE KJERSTAD, Managing Director

## Statement of income

### STATEMENT OF INCOME

(NOK million)	Note	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	2023
Interest income from assets assessed at amortised cost	<u>3</u>	452	310	1 514
Interest income from assets assessed at fair value	<u>3</u>	41	27	141
Interest expenses	<u>3</u>	423	270	1 418
Net interest income	<u>37</u>	70	67	237
Net gains/losses from financial instruments		-4	-5	-14
Total income		66	62	223
Wages, salaries and general administration expenses		1	1	2
Other operating expenses	7	14	13	56
Total operating expenses		15	14	58
Profit before impairment on loans		51	48	165
Impairment on loans	<u>4</u>	-2	0	1
Pre-tax profit		53	48	164
Taxes		12	10	36
Profit after tax		41	38	128

### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(NOK million)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	2023
Profit after tax	41	38	128
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to the income statement:			
Basis swap spreads - changes in value	-5	-1	-37
Tax effect of basis swap spreads	1	0	8
Total comprehensive income for the period	37	37	99

### **Balance sheet**

### ASSETS - compressed

(NOK million)	Note	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Loans to and receivables from credit institutions 1)	<u>57</u>	2 243	1 779	1 384
Loans to and receivables from customers	<u>3 4 5</u>	31 960	32 240	32 357
Certificates and bonds	<u>5 6</u>	157	123	154
Financial derivatives	<u>5 6</u>	1 123	1 180	705
Other assets		5	43	0
Total assets		35 488	35 365	34 600

<sup>1)</sup> NOK 847 million out of total NOK 2,243 million in Loans to and receivables from credit institutions is the margin call balance on financial derivatives paid in by counterparties according to CSA

### LIABILITIES AND EQUITY - compressed

(NOK million)	Note	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Loans from credit institutions 2)	<u>57</u>	4 226	5 851	4 437
Debt securities issued	<u>567</u>	29 375	27 772	28 311
Financial derivatives	<u>5 6</u>	85	41	70
Tax payable		10	10	0
Incurred costs and prepaid income		2	0	1
Deferred tax		116	88	116
Total liabilities		33 814	33 762	32 935
Share capital		1 400	1 375	1 375
Share premium		250	175	175
Paid-in equity		1 650	1 550	1 550
Liability credit reserve		-13	16	-13
Retained earnings		37	37	128
Total equity	2	1 674	1 603	1 665
Total liabilities and equity		35 488	35 365	34 600

<sup>2)</sup> NOK 847 million out of total NOK 4,226 million in Loans from credit institutions is the margin call balance on financial derivatives paid in by counterparties according to CSA

# Statement of changes in equity

#### 31.03.2024

(NOK million)	Total equity	Share capital	Share premium	Liability credit reserve	Retained earnings
Equity as at 31 December 2023	1 665	1 375	175	-13	128
Dividend paid	-128				-128
Share capital issue	100	25	75		
Total comprehensive income for the period	37				37
Equity as at 31 March 2024	1 674	1 400	250	-13	37

The share capital consists of 1120 000 shares at NOK 1250, a total of NOK 1400 million. All shares are owned by Sparebanken Møre. The NOK 100 million capital increase was fully paid in 7 March 2024, and registered in the Norwegian Register of Business Enterprises on 8 March 2024.

#### 31.03.2023

(NOK million)	Total equity	Share capital	Share premium	Liability credit reserve	Retained earnings
Equity as at 31 December 2022	1 712	1 375	175	16	146
Dividend paid	-146				-146
Total comprehensive income for the period	37				37
Equity as at 31 March 2023	1 603	1 375	175	16	37

 $The share capital \ consists \ of 1100\ 000\ shares \ at \ NOK\ 1250, a \ total \ of \ NOK\ 1375\ million. \ All \ shares \ are \ owned \ by \ Sparebanken\ Møre.$ 

### 31.12.2023

(NOK million)	Total equity	Share capital	Share premium	Liability credit reserve	Retained earnings
Equity as at 31 December 2022	1 712	1 375	175	16	146
Dividend paid	-146				-146
Total comprehensive income for the period	99			-29	128
Equity as at 31 December 2023	1 665	1 375	175	-13	128

The share capital consists of 1100 000 shares at NOK 1250, a total of NOK 1375 million. All shares are owned by Sparebanken Møre.

Proposed dividend as of 31 December 2023 amounted to NOK 128 million.

### Statement of cash flow

(NOK million)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Cash flow from operating activities			
Interest, commission and fees received	487	336	1 639
Interest, commission and fees paid	-58	-71	-184
Received interest, commission and fees related to certificates, bonds and other securities	8	1	17
Operating expenses paid	-15	-13	-58
Income taxes paid/received	0	-27	-28
Net cash inflow/outflow from loans to and receivables from other financial institutions	-287	0	-283
Payment for acquiring loans from the parent bank	-1 873	-3 844	-12 386
Payment related to installment loans and credit lines to customers	2 272	2 068	10 491
Proceeds from the sale and settlement of certificates, bonds and other securities	1 232	80	2 673
Purchases of certificates, bonds and other securities	-1 239	-83	-2 706
Changes in other assets	-7	-5	-50
Net cash flow from operating activities	520	-1 558	-875
Cash flow from financing activities			
Paid interest, commission and fees related to issued bonds	-368	-243	-1 235
Net change in loans from credit institutions	-211	1 432	655
Proceeds from issued covered bonds	3 044	0	3 996
Redemption of issued covered bonds	-2 358	0	-2 890
Dividend paid	-128	-146	-146
Changes in other debt	-26	-3	-64
			0
Increase/reduction of share capital and premium	100	0	0
Increase/reduction of share capital and premium  Net cash flow from financing activities	100 53	1 040	316
Net cash flow from financing activities	53	1 040	316

<sup>1)</sup> NOK 847 million out of total NOK 2,243 million in Loans to and receivables from credit institutions is the margin call balance on financial derivatives paid in by counterparties according to CSA, and thus should not be included as cash balance at 31.03.2024 (NOK 915 million as at 31.03.2023 and NOK 561 million as at 31.12.2023).

### **Accounting principles**

Møre Boligkreditt AS' interim accounts have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the EU as of 31 March 2024. The interim report has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The accounts are prepared using the same principles and with the same methodology as the annual accounts for 2023.

All amounts are stated in NOK million unless stated otherwise.

The interim financial statements are not audited.

### Equity and related capital

Tier 1 capital and supplementary capital	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Share capital and share premium	1 650	1 550	1 550
Liability credit reserve	-13	16	-13
Other equity	37	37	128
Total equity	1 674	1 603	1 665
Value adjustments of financial instruments at fair value	-3	-4	-3
Expected IRB-losses exceeding ECL	-46	-46	-45
Dividends	0	0	-128
Deductions for total comprehensive income for the period	-37	-37	0
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	1 588	1 516	1 489
Supplementary capital	0	0	0
Net equity and subordinated loan capital	1 588	1 516	1 489

### Risk-Weighted Assets (RWA) by exposure classes

Credit risk - standardised approach	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Regional governments or local authorities	0	0	0
Institutions (banks etc)	421	368	255
Covered bonds	8	8	8
Other items	5	89	0
Total credit risk - standardised approach	434	465	263

### Credit risk - IRB Foundation

Retail - Secured by real estate	6 695	6 651	6 773
Retail - Other	3	2	0
Corporate lending 1)	3	231	4
Total credit risk - IRB-Foundation	6 701	6 884	6 777
Credit valuation adjustment risk (CVA) - market risk	141	195	91
Operational risk (Basic indicator Approach)	509	585	509
Risk weighted assets (RWA)	7 785	8 129	7 640
Minimum requirement Common Equity Tier 1 capital (4.5 %)	350	366	344

Buffer Requirement	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Countercyclical buffer (2,5 %)	195	203	191
Capital conservation buffer (2.5 %)	195	203	191
Systemic risk buffer (4,5 %, 3% at 31.03.23)	350	244	344
Total buffer requirements	740	650	726
Available Common Equity Tier 1 capital after buffer requirements	498	500	419

Capital adequacy as a percentage of the weighted asset calculation basis	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Capital adequacy ratio	20.4 %	18.6 %	19.5 %
Tier 1 capital ratio	20.4 %	18.6 %	19.5 %
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	20.4 %	18.6 %	19.5 %

Leverage ratio	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Leverage ratio	4.6 %	4.3 %	4.3 %

<sup>1)</sup> Corporate lending in MBK consists of lending to housing associations.

Møre Boligkreditt AS' capital requirements at 31 March 2024 are based on IRB-Foundation.

### **Operating segments**

Møre Boligkreditt AS' business mainly comprises operations within the retail banking market. Møre Boligkreditt AS has only one operating segment.

Loans to and receivables from cus	ustomers
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Loans to and receivables from customers						
31.03.2024	Gross loans measured at amortised cost	ECL Stage 1	ECL Stage 2	ECL Stage 3	Loans measured at fair value	Net loans to and receivables from customers
Loans to and receivables from customers	29 815	-2	-7	-1	2 155	31 960
31.03.2023	Gross loans measured at amortised cost	ECL Stage 1	ECL Stage 2	ECL Stage 3	Loans measured at fair value	Net loans to and receivables from customers
Loans to and receivables from customers	29 906	-2	-8	0	2 344	32 240
31.12.2023	Gross loans measured at amortised cost	ECL Stage 1	ECL Stage 2	ECL Stage 3	Loans measured at fair value	Net loans to and receivables from customers
Loans to and receivables from customers	30 161	-2	-9	0	2 207	32 357

Net interest income			
(NOK million)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Interest income from:			
Loans to and receivables from credit institutions	17	12	42
Loans to and receivables from customers	469	324	1 596
Certificates, bonds and other interest-bearing securities	7	1	17
Interest income	493	337	1 655
Interest expenses in respect of:			
Loans from credit institutions	53	25	176
Debt securities issued	368	243	1 235
Other interest expenses	2	2	7
Interest expenses	423	270	1 418
Net interest income	70	67	237

### Impairment, losses and non-performance

Møre Boligkreditt AS applies a three-stage approach when assessing ECL on loans to customers in accordance with IFRS 9.

- Stage 1: At initial recognition and if there's no significant increase in credit risk, the commitment is classified in stage 1 with 12-months ECL.
- Stage 2: If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified, but without evidence of loss, the commitment is transferred to stage 2 with lifetime ECL measurement.
- Stage 3: If the credit risk increases further and there's evidence of loss, the commitment is transferred to stage 3.

Staging is performed at account level and implies that two or more accounts held by the same customer can be placed in different stages.

Specification of credit loss expense (NOK millon)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	2023
Changes in Expected Credit Loss (ECL) in stage 1	0	0	0
Changes in Expected Credit Loss (ECL) in stage 2	-2	0	1
Changes in Expected Credit Loss (ECL) in stage 3	0	0	0
Total impairments on loans in the period	-2	0	1

Changes in ECL in the period (NOK million) - 31.03.2024	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL 31.12.2023	2	9	0	11
New loans	0	0	0	0
Disposal of loans	0	-1	0	-1
Changes in ECL in the period for loans which have not migrated	0	-1	0	-1
Migration to stage 1	0	-1	0	-1
Migration to stage 2	0	1	0	1
Migration to stage 3	0	0	1	1
Other changes	0	0	0	0
ECL 31.03.2024	2	7	1	10

Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
2	8	0	10
0	0	0	0
0	-1	0	-1
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
2	8	0	10
	2 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 8 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	2 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Changes in ECL in the period (NOK million) - 31.12.2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL 31.12.2022	2	8	0	10
New loans	1	2	0	3
Disposal of loans	0	-2	0	-2
Changes in ECL in the period for loans which have not migrated	0	0	0	0
Migration to stage 1	0	-2	0	-2
Migration to stage 2	0	2	0	2
Migration to stage 3	0	0	0	0
Other changes	0	0	0	0
ECL 31.12.2023	2	9	0	11

### Commitments (exposure) divided into risk groups based on probability of default (NOK million)

31.03.2024	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Low risk (0 % - < 0.5 %)	28 440	596	0	29 036
Medium risk (0.5 % - < 3 %)	209	1862	0	2 071
High risk (3 % - <100 %)	5	488	2	495
Total commitments before ECL	28 654	2 946	2	31 602
- ECL	-2	-7	-1	-10
Loans to and receivables from customers 31.03.2024 *)	28 652	2 939	1	31 592

### $Commitments \ (exposure) \ divided \ into \ risk \ groups \ based \ on \ probability \ of \ default \ (NOK \ million)$

31.03.2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Low risk (0 % - < 0.5 %)	26 530	2 526	0	29 056
Medium risk (0.5 % - < 3 %)	223	1 938	0	2 161
High risk (3 % - <100 %)	-	295	0	295
Total commitments before ECL	26 753	4 759	0	31 512
- ECL	-2	-8	0	-10
Loans to and receivables from customers 31.03.2023 *)	26 751	4 751	0	31 502

31.12.2023	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Low risk (0 % - < 0.5 %)	27 888	1 480	0	29 367
Medium risk (0.5 % - < 3 %)	161	1 858	0	2 019
High risk (3 % - <100 %)	4	426	0	431
PD=100 %	-	-	9	9
Total commitments before ECL	28 054	3 763	9	31 826
- ECL	-2	-9	0	-11
Loans to and receivables from customers 31.12.2023 *)	28 052	3 754	9	31 815

<sup>\*)</sup> The tables above show exposures (incl. undrawn credit facilities) and are not including fixed rate loans assessed at fair value. The figures are thus not reconcilable against balances in the statement of financial position.

#### **Financial instruments**

#### **CLASSIFICATION AND MEASUREMENT**

The company's portfolio of financial instruments is at initial recognition classified in accordance with IFRS 9. Financial assets are classified in one of the following categories:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value with any changes in value through the income statement

The classification of the financial assets depends on two factors:

- The purpose of the acquisition of the financial instrument
- · The contractual cash flows from the financial assets

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

The classification of the financial assets assumes that the following requirements are met:

- The asset is acquired to receive contractual cash flows
- The contractual cash flows consist solely of principal and interest

With the exception of fixed rate loans, all lending and receivables are recorded in the accounts at amortised cost, based on expected cash flows. The difference between the issue cost and the settlement amount at maturity, is amortised over the lifetime of the loan.

#### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Debt securities, including debt securities included in fair value hedging and loans and deposits from credit institutions, are measured at amortised cost based on expected cash flows.

### Financial instruments measured at fair value, any changes in value recognised through the income

The company's portfolio of bonds in the liquidity portfolio is classified at fair value with any value changes through the income statement, based on the business model of the company.

The portfolio of fixed interest rate loans is measured at fair value to avoid accounting mismatch in relation to the underlying interest rate swaps.

Financial derivatives are instruments used to mitigate any interest- or currency risk incurred by the company. Financial derivatives are recorded at fair value, with any changes in value through the income statement, and recognised gross per contract, as either asset or debt.

Changes in basis swaps effects for swaps included in fair value hedging are recognised in OCI.

Losses and gains as a result of value changes on assets and liabilities measured at fair value with any value changes being recognised in the income statement, are included in the accounts during the period in which they occur.

#### LEVELS IN THE VALUATION HIERARCHY

Financial instruments at fair value are classified into different levels based on the quality of market data for each type of instrument.

#### Level 1 - Valuation based on prices in an active market

Level 1 comprises financial instruments valued by using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This category includes bonds and certificates in LCR-level 1, traded in active markets.

#### Level 2 - Valuation based on observable market data

Level 2 comprises financial instruments valued by using information which is not quoted prices, but where prices are directly or indirectly observable for assets or liabilities, including quoted prices in inactive markets for identical assets or liabilities. This category mainly includes derivatives and bonds which are not included in level 1.

#### Level 3 - Valuation based on other than observable market data

Level 3 comprises financial instruments which cannot be valued based on directly or indirectly observable prices. Loans to customers are included in this category.

A change of 10 basis points in the discount rate will have an effect of approximately NOK 4.8 million on the valuation of the fixed rate loans as at 31.03.2024.

Classification of financial instruments		instruments at to		Financial instruments carried at amortised cost			
	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023	
Loans to and receivables from credit institutions				2 243	1 779	1 384	
Loans to and receivables from customers	2 155	2 344	2 207	29 805	29 896	30 150	
Certificates and bonds	157	123	154				
Financial derivatives	1 123	1 180	705				
Total financial assets	3 435	3 647	3 066	32 048	31 675	31 534	
Loans from credit institutions				4 226	5 851	4 437	
Debt securities issued				29 375	27 772	28 31	
Financial derivatives	85	41	70				
Total financial liabilities	85	41	70	33 601	33 623	32 748	

Fair value of financial instruments at amortised cost	31.03.	31.03.2024		31.03.2023		31.12.2023	
	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	Book value	
Loans to and receivables from credit institutions	2 243	2 243	1 779	1 779	1 384	1 384	
Loans to and receivables from customers	29 805	29 805	29 896	29 896	30 150	30 150	
Total financial assets	32 048	32 048	31 675	31 675	31 534	31 534	
Loans from credit institutions	4 226	4 226	5 851	5 851	4 437	4 437	
Debt securities issued	29 435	29 375	27 761	27 772	28 406	28 311	
Total financial liabilities	33 661	33 601	33 612	33 623	32 843	32 748	

Based on prices in an active market	Observable market information	Other than observable market information	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		2 155	2 155
157			157
	1 123		1123
157	1 123	2 155	3 435
	85		85
-	85	-	85
	in an active market Level 1  157	in an active market information Level 1 Level 2  157  1123  157  1123	in an active market information Level 1 Level 2 Level 3  2 155  157  1123  157  1 123  2 155

Based on prices in an active market	Observable market information	Other than observable market information	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		2 344	2 344
123			123
	1 180		1 180
123	1 180	2 344	3 647
	41		41
-	41	-	41
	in an active market  Level 1  123	in an active market information  Level 1 Level 2  123  1180  123  41	in an active market information  Level 1 Level 2 Level 3  2 344  123  1 180  1 23  41

Financial instruments at fair value - 31.12.2023	Based on prices in an active market	Observable market information	Other than observable market information	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Loans to and receivables from customers			2 207	2 207
Certificates and bonds	154			154
Financial derivatives		705		705
Total financial assets	154	705	2 207	3 066
Financial derivatives		70		70
Total financial liabilities	-	70	-	70

Reconciliation of movements in Level 3 during the period	Loans to and receivables from customers
Book value as at 31.12.2023	2 207
Purchase/increase	34
Sales/reduction	-77
Transferred to Level 3	0
Transferred out of Level 3	0
Gains/losses during the period	-9
Book value as at 31.03.2024	2 155

Reconciliation of movements in Level 3 during the period	Loans to and receivables from customers
Book value as at 31.12.2022	2 446
Purchase/increase	40
Sales/reduction	-143
Transferred to Level 3	0
Transferred out of Level 3	0
Gains/losses during the period	1
Book value as at 31.03.2023	2 344

Reconciliation of movements in Level 3 during the period	Loans to and receivables from customers
Book value as at 31.12.2022	2 446
Purchase/increase	232
Sales/reduction	-487
Transferred to Level 3	0
Transferred out of Level 3	0
Gains/losses during the period	16
Book value as at 31.12.2023	2 207

### Issued covered bonds

Securities issued at floating interest rates are measured at amortised cost. Fair value hedge accounting is used for the company's securities issued at fixed rate terms, and changes in fair value (due to the hedged risk) are recognized in profit and loss.

Covered bonds (N	NOK million)							
ISIN code	Currency	Nominal value 31.03.2024	Interest	Issued	Maturity	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
NO0010588072	NOK	1 0 5 0	fixed NOK 4.75 %	2010	2025	1 071	1 0 9 4	1 066
XS0968459361	EUR	25	fixed EUR 2.81 %	2013	2028	298	286	289
NO0010819543	NOK	-	3M Nibor + 0.42 %	2018	2024	-	3 004	2 35
XS1839386577	EUR	-	fixed EUR 0.375 %	2018	2023	-	2 837	
NO0010836489	NOK	1 000	fixed NOK 2.75 %	2018	2028	946	964	956
NO0010853096	NOK	3 000	3M Nibor + 0.37 %	2019	2025	3 014	3 009	3 015
XS2063496546	EUR	250	fixed EUR 0.01 %	2019	2024	2 859	2 700	2 734
NO0010884950	NOK	3 000	3M Nibor + 0.42 %	2020	2025	3 006	3 004	3 006
XS2233150890	EUR	30	3M Euribor +0.75 %	2020	2027	358	351	345
NO0010951544	NOK	6 000	3M Nibor + 0.75 %	2021	2026	6 079	5 089	5 074
XS2389402905	EUR	250	fixed EUR 0.01 %	2021	2026	2 714	2 552	2 625
XS2556223233	EUR	250	fixed EUR 3.125 %	2022	2027	2 987	2 882	2 823
NO0012908617	NOK	6 000	3M Nibor + 0.54 %	2023	2028	6 043	-	4 027
Total borrowings accrued interest)	_	the issue of se	curities (incl.			29 375	27 772	28 31

Cover pool (NOK million)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Eligible mortgages (nominal)	31 768	31 984	32 162
Substitute assets	1 427	891	854
Total collateralised assets	33 195	32 875	33 016

Covered bonds issued (NOK million)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Covered bonds (nominal) 1)	28 207	26 582	27 554
-of which own holding (covered bonds)	0	0	0

<sup>1)</sup> Swap exchange rates are applied for outstanding debt in currencies other than NOK  $\,$ 

Over-collateralisation (in %) (Nominal calculation)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
(Eligible mortgages + Substitute assets-Covered bonds) / Covered bonds	17.7	23.7	19.8
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Liquid Assets	150	117	147
Net liquidity outflow next 30 days	31	26	30
LCR ratio -Total	482%	442%	493%
LCR ratio - NOK	482%	442%	493%
LCR ratio - EUR	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Available amount of stable funding	31 406	29 887	30 030
Required amount of stable funding	28 019	27 572	27 615
NSFR ratio	112%	108%	109%

### Transactions with related parties

Møre Boligkreditt AS purchases services from Sparebanken Møre. There are also transactions between the parties related to the acquisition of loan portfolio and the fact that Sparebanken Møre provides loans and credits to the mortgage company.

Loans from Sparebanken Møre are transferred at market value. If the purchased mortgage loans have fixed interest rates, the purchase price is adjusted according to the value above/below par. Sparebanken Møre is responsible for ensuring that the loans to be transferred to Møre Boligkreditt AS are properly established and in accordance with the requirements specified in the agreement between the mortgage company and the parent bank. In case of a violation of these requirements, the parent bank will be liable for any losses that the mortgage company would experience as a result of the error. Sparebanken Møre and Møre Boligkreditt AS have formalised the settlement of interest for transaction days from date of transfer of loan portfolio to date of settlement of the consideration.

Mortgages with fixed interest rates constitutes 7 per cent of total mortgage volume and are hedged by interest rate swap agreements with the parent bank. The company can also hedge fixed rate, and/or borrowing in other currency than NOK, against the parent bank, using ISDA/CSA swap agreements. By end of Q1-2024, one outstanding EUR 250 million covered bond loan was hedged against the parent bank.

The pricing of the services provided by Sparebanken Møre to Møre Boligkreditt AS distinguishes between fixed and variable expenses for the mortgage company. Fixed expenses are defined as expenses the mortgage company must bear regardless of the activity related to the issuance of covered bonds, the acquisition of portfolio, etc. Variable expenses are defined as expenses related to the size of the portfolio acquired from Sparebanken Møre and the work that must be exercised by the bank's employees to deliver satisfactory services given the number of customers in the portfolio.

Møre Boligkreditt AS is billed for expenses related to the lease of premises at Sparebanken Møre. It is assumed that regardless of operations, a certain area of the bank attributable to the mortgage company is utilised during the year. Regardless of the extent of the activity and the loan portfolio acquired by Møre Boligkreditt AS, charges related to accounting, financial reporting, risk management, cash management, financing, governance and general legal services will incur.

Sparebanken Møre bills the mortgage company based on actual salary expenses, including social security contribution, pension expense and other social expenses. Parts of the mortgage company's expenses related to services provided by Sparebanken Møre relates to the size of the portfolio acquired from Sparebanken Møre. Management fee is calculated and billed monthly, in which the month's average portfolio size forms the basis of billing.

The interest rate of the mortgage company's deposit and credit limit in Sparebanken Møre is based on 3 months NIBOR + a premium.

### The most important transactions are as follows:

(NOK million)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Statement of income:			
Interest and credit commission income from Sparebanken Møre related to deposits	17	12	42
Interest and credit commission paid to Sparebanken Møre related to loan/credit facility	53	26	176
Interest paid to Sparebanken Møre related to bonded debt	1	0	6
Management fee paid to Sparebanken Møre	12	11	49
Balance sheet:			
Deposits in Sparebanken Møre 1)	2 243	1 779	1 384
Covered bonds held by Sparebanken Møre as assets	0	0	0
Loan/credit facility in Sparebanken Møre	3 378	4 936	3 876
Intragroup hedging	483	366	306
Accumulated transferred loan portfolio from Sparebanken Møre	31 970	32 250	32 368

<sup>1)</sup> NOK 847 million out of total NOK 2,243 million of deposits in Sparebanken Møre is the margin call balance on financial derivatives paid in by counterparties according to CSA as at 31.03.2024

### **Events after the reporting date**

No events of material significance for the financial statements for Q1-2024 have occurred after the reporting date. The company is not involved in any legal proceedings.

# **Profit performance**

QUARTERLY PROFIT (NOK million)	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q1 2023
Net interest income	70	57	53	60	67
Other operating income	-4	-14	-17	22	-5
Total operating expenses	15	15	13	16	14
Profit before impairment on loans	51	28	23	66	48
Impairment on loans	-2	0	3	-2	0
Pre-tax profit	53	28	20	68	48
Taxes	12	6	4	16	10
Profit after tax	41	22	16	52	38
As a percentage of average assets:					
Net interest income	0.79	0.64	0.62	0.67	0.83
Other operating income	-0.05	-0.15	-0.20	0.24	-0.06
Total operating expenses	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.18	0.17
Profit before impairment on loans	0.57	0.32	0.26	0.73	0.60
Impairment on loans	-0.02	0.00	0.02	-0.02	0.00
Pre-tax profit	0.59	0.32	0.24	0.75	0.60
Taxes	0.13	0.07	0.06	0.16	0.13
Profit after tax	0.46	0.25	0.18	0.59	0.47
Average total assets (NOK million)	35 808	35 468	34 663	35 985	31 981

ACCUMULATED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (NOK million)	31.03.2024	31.03.2023	31.12.2023
Net interest income	70	67	237
Other operating income	-4	-5	-14
Total operating expenses	15	14	58
Profit before impairment on loans	51	48	165
Impairment on loans	-2	0	1
Pre-tax profit	53	48	164
Taxes	12	10	36
Profit after tax	41	38	128
As a percentage of average assets:			
Net interest income	0.79	0.83	0.69
Other operating income	-0.05	-0.06	-0.04
Total operating expenses	0.17	0.17	0.17
Profit before impairment on loans	0.57	0.60	0.48
Impairment on loans	-0.02	0.00	0.00
Pre-tax profit	0.59	0.60	0.48
Taxes	0.13	0.13	0.11
Profit after tax	0.46	0.47	0.37
Average total assets (NOK million)	35 808	31 981	34 524

### Møre Boligkreditt AS

A company in the Sparebanken Møre Group

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